Notes to Users

The header of each fiche includes the following information:

[first line:] (1) assigned number for final index, city, library, and shelf-mark (note that for British Library manuscripts, the abbreviation "BL." is used, and for Bodleian Library manuscripts, the abbreviation "Bodl. Lib." is used); (2) fiche number;

[second line:] (3) Ker number (N. R. Ker, *Catalogue of Manuscripts Containing Anglo-Saxon* [Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1957; repr. with supplement 1990]); (4) Gneuss number (Helmut Gneuss, *Handlist of Anglo-Saxon Manuscripts: A list of Manuscripts and Manuscript Fragments Written or Owned in England up to 1100*, MRTS 241 [Tempe: ACMRS, 2001] supplemented by Helmut Gneuss, "Addenda and Corrigenda to the *Handlist of Anglo-Saxon Manuscripts*," *Anglo-Saxon England* 32 (2003): 293–305; (5) short title or indication of contents; (6) folios contained on each fiche (foliation may occur on first line in some cases for reasons of space).

The layout is as follows:

| 177. London, BL, Cotton Caligula A. vii | 1 of 6 |
| Ker 137, Gneuss 308 Heliand ff. | 1r–40r |

In addition to Ker and Gneuss numbers, descriptions may also include Lowe numbers (E. A. Lowe, *Codices Latini Antiquiores: A Paleographical Guide to Latin Manuscripts Prior to the Ninth Century*. Part II: *Great Britain and Ireland* [Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1934–1971])= *CLA*.

Abbreviations

The following character sets and abbreviations are used:
⟨ ⟩ expansions, e.g., d⟨e⟩i

[ ]	supplied; when blank, used to indicate missing text
( )	erasure
|	line end
||	page or column end
/	used to separate folio numbers from line numbers, e.g., f. 154v/13a–6b = folio 154v, line 13, column a to line 6, column b
\	indicates run on line, written above
/	indicates run on line, written below
a b, etc.	indicate columns, e.g., f. 154v/13a–6b
" "	customary title
' '	incipit, explicit, gloss
' '	interlinear
F./f.	folio
Ff./ff.	folios
r	recto
v	verso
c	century, e.g., 15c, 10/11c
chap(s).	chapter(s)
corr.	corrected
d.	died, e.g., d. 998
fl.	floruit
boldface	used for titles or headings written in MSS
A-S	Anglo-Saxon
OE	Old English
PG	*Patrologia Graeca*
PL	*Patrologia Latina*

In cases where Ker's dating of a manuscript is cited, readers should note that dating is indicated by quarter-century intervals; thus, s. x/xi, s. x^1, s. x med., s. x^2. A full explanation is given in his *Catalogue of Manuscripts Containing Anglo-Saxon*, p. xx.

Some descriptions include "Photo Notes" that compare the microform reproduction with the original manuscript, indicating readings visible in the original, but not on the microfiche. In this section, italics are used to indicate words and letters visible in the gutter (i.e., binding margin) of the manuscript but not visible in the reproduction, etc.