## Notes to Users

The header of each fiche includes the following information:

[first line:] (1) assigned number for final index, city, library, and shelf-mark (note that for British Library manuscripts, the abbreviation "BL" is used, and for Bodleian Library manuscripts, the abbreviation "Bodl. Lib." is used); (2) fiche number;

[second line:] (3) Ker number (N. R. Ker, Catalogue of Manuscripts Containing Anglo-Saxon [Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1957; repr. with supplement 1990]); (4) Gneuss/Lapidge number (Helmut Gneuss and Michael Lapidge, Anglo-Saxon Manuscripts: A Bibliographical Handlist of Manuscripts and Manuscript Fragments Written or Owned in England up to 1100 [Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 2014]); (5) short title or indication of contents; (6) folios contained on each fiche (foliation may occur on first line in some cases for reasons of space).

The layout is as follows:

177. London, BL, Cotton Caligula A. vii 1 of 6 Ker 137, Gneuss/Lapidge 308 Heliand ff. 1r–40r

In addition to Ker and Gneuss/Lapidge numbers, descriptions may also include Lowe numbers (E. A. Lowe, *Codices Latini Antiquiores: A Paleographical Guide to Latin Manuscripts Prior to the Ninth Century.* [Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1934–1971]) = CLA.

## Abbreviations

The following character sets and abbreviations are used:

- ⟨⟩ expansions, e.g., d⟨e⟩i
- [] supplied; when blank, used to indicate missing text
- () erasure

XII NOTES

```
line end
page or column end
             used to separate folio numbers from line numbers, e.g., f.
             154v/13a-6b = folio 154v, line 13, column a to line 6, col-
             umn b
1
             indicates run-on line, written above
             indicates run-on line, written below
             indicate columns, e.g., f. 154v/13a-6b
a b, etc.
             customary title
             incipit, explicit, gloss
111
             interlinear (above/below)
F./f.
             folio
Ff./ff.
             folios
r
             recto
             verso
v
             century, e.g., 15c, 10/11c
C
chap(s).
             chapter(s)
             corrected
corr.
d.
             died, e.g., d. 998
fl
             floruit
boldface
             used for titles or headings written in MSS
A-S
             Anglo-Saxon
ME
             Middle English
OE
             Old English
PG
             Patrologia Graeca
PL
             Patrologia Latina
```

In cases where Ker's dating of a manuscript is cited, readers should note that dating is indicated by quarter-century intervals; thus, s. x/x, s. x/x,

Some descriptions include "Photo Notes" that compare the microform reproduction with the original manuscript, indicating readings visible in the original, but not on the microfiche. In this section, italics are used to indicate words and letters visible in the gutter (i.e., binding margin) of the manuscript but not visible in the reproduction, etc.